

BLOCKADE OF GERMANY AS IMPOSED BY ALLIES WAS EFFECTIVE TO-DAY

Failure to Remove General Von der Goltz' Troops from the Baltic Region Was Cause of Action of the Allies in Refusing Permission to Food Ships to Start for Germany.

BAN WILL CONTINUE TILL FURTHER ORDERS

Vessels Now on the Way to German Ports Will Be Allowed to Proceed—According to the Statement Made in Paris To-day, the Supreme Council Considers Blockade of Russia.

Paris, Sept. 30.—The blockade of Germany which was threatened by the allies in case the German troops of General Von der Goltz were not removed from the Baltic region begins to-day, according to the statement. No food ships, it declares, will be permitted to start for Germany until further orders are issued.

Vessels now on the way to German ports, however, will be permitted to proceed.

Paris, Sept. 30. (Havas).—Consideration was given by the supreme council yesterday to the necessity of strengthening the blockade of bolshevik Russia, according to the journal. It is said the council considered the difficulties which might possibly result if Germany should renew relations with Russia when the treaty of peace goes into effect.

RECALLS VON DER GOLTZ
Because of the Failure of His Troops to Leave the Baltic.

Basle, Sept. 30.—The efforts of General Von der Goltz to make his troops evacuate the Baltic having failed, says a Basle dispatch received here to-day, the German government has decided to recall him definitely.

RAILWAY MEN'S HEAD DEFENDS STRIKE

Accuses British Newspapers of Using Language Which Is an Incitement to Bloodshed.

London, Monday, Sept. 29.—James Henry Thomas, secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, yesterday evening issued another long statement justifying the strike and accusing some newspapers which support the government, of using language against the strikers which is an incitement to bloodshed. He also accused the government of resorting to measures calculated to lead to outbreaks of violence. As an alleged instance of this, Mr. Thomas said:

"They have announced warships to the main ports, they have provocatively stationed at my guards everywhere and, most unfortunately of all, they are using against their own countrymen newspaper propaganda which they used in war-time against the foreign enemy."

Mr. Thomas further charged the government with making "lying statements" with the deliberate purpose of misleading the public and of having forced a strike which the railway leaders were doing their utmost to avert.

BROWN HONORS MERCIER.
Conferred the Degree of Doctor of Laws on Cardinal.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 30.—Brown university conferred the honorary degree of doctor of laws upon Cardinal Mercier during his visit to that institution to-day in connection with his stay in this city. The exercises took place on the platform of the hotel, facing the middle campus, in the presence of the faculty, corporation and study body. In conferring the degree, President W. H. P. Faunce said: "By authority of the board of fellows of Brown university, I hereby confer the honorary degree of doctor of laws upon his eminence, Cardinal Mercier, archbishop of Melines, primate of Belgium, some times professor in the University of Louvain, author, philosopher, Christian apostle, who through dark and bitter days kept the great soul of a small nation alive, protector of weakness, champion of justice, who never yielded right to might, but by invincible faith, subdued kingdoms and put to flight armies of aliens."

His eminence arrived in Providence this morning at 7 o'clock and was met by a special guard of honor of prominent citizens and escorted to St. Peter and Paul cathedral, where mass was celebrated. The following reception by Governor Beer at the State House and at the city hall, by Mayor Gainer, who gave him the freedom of the city, following which Cardinal Mercier pronounced his blessing upon the assembled multitude which packed the exchange place far beyond the reach of his voice.

The cardinal was escorted to the Narragansett hotel, where a luncheon was given under the auspices of the Providence Chamber of Commerce, the attendance of business men far exceeding the accommodations of the hotel.

This afternoon a reception to the clergymen of all denominations of the state was given at the McElroy mansion, where the cardinal is being entertained. This evening a big mass meeting will be held at the state armory, at which Governor Beer and the cardinal will be speakers. His eminence leaves here to-morrow morning at 8 o'clock.

AMERICAN SOLDIER FLOGGED BY COSSACKS

American Soldiers in Siberia Made Demand for Release of Prisoner By Cossacks and Now an Apology Is Demanded.

Vladivostok, Sept. 19. (By the Associated Press).—Major General William S. Graves, commander of the American forces in Siberia, has demanded an apology from General Rosenoff, Russian commander in chief, for the arrest of Captain L. P. Johns of the 27th regiment and Corporal Benjamin Sperling of the 31st and the flogging of the latter by Cossacks commanded by General Kalmikoff.

An investigation of the conduct of a Japanese officer at Iman, the place where the arrests took place, has also been begun by the Japanese high command. The incident, which occurred Sept. 5, is considered one of the most serious since the allies landed in Siberia.

The two Americans, in uniform and on official business, went to Iman, 170 miles north of this city, on the section of the railroad guarded by Chinese troops, passports being unnecessary by agreement between the allies. While they were at a hotel a detachment of Cossacks entered and arrested the Americans, claiming they were not provided with identification papers. Captain Johns escaped and, catching a moving train, went to Spassk, where he reported to the American officer in command. A detachment of 160 Americans from the 27th regiment at once entrained and went to Iman to effect Sperling's release and on arriving there took three Cossacks as hostages.

They found General Kalmikoff's men entrenched near the station and were preparing to use force against them when a Japanese major interceded for the Cossacks, stating, it is alleged, that in the event of hostilities between the Americans and the Cossacks the Japanese troops at Iman would side with the latter. It was learned Sperling had been taken to Khabarovsk, where General Kalmikoff has his headquarters. A telegraphic demand for Sperling was sent to Khabarovsk and reply was received that he would be released at once. The Americans then returned to Spassk, taking their hostages with them.

A preliminary investigation of the incident shows, it is said, that Sperling was flogged, a punishment that is usually meted out to a recalcitrant Cossack. General Kalmikoff, who is considered by Americans here as a "Siberian Villa," has, with his band, been a constant source of trouble, it is charged, his raids being marked by cruelties and atrocities. He was recently appointed military commander of the Khabarovsk district and it is alleged this has brought about an increase in his activities.

IN "FULL OPERATION."
Sparrows Point Plant of the Bethlehem Steel Co.

Baltimore, Sept. 30.—The Sparrows Point plant of the Bethlehem Steel Co. was reported by the management to be in full operation to-day. A few workers in the tinplate mill were reported absent without hampering operations.

MORE BRITISH TRAINS THAN EXPECTED

London, Sept. 30.—Great Britain is making headway in dealing with the national strike of her railwaymen, the government reported to-day. The official communique from Downing street at noon announced that the railway service was improving, more trains having been run than called for under the schedules prepared by the companies yesterday.

Attempts to derail trains, which commenced yesterday for the first time since the beginning of the strike, were referred to by the Downing street statement "as some minor acts of sabotage."

These, it was explained, had caused no loss of life and the necessary steps had been taken to deal with them.

Meanwhile the distribution of food is proceeding satisfactorily, the authorities announce, largely because of "the admirable spirit and efficient work of volunteers."

The offers of voluntary service, it is declared, are "overwhelming."

The government announced that livestock that had been abandoned in transit by the strikers and the horses belonging to the railroad companies that had been left without attention were being cared for by the authorities.

J. H. Thomas, leader of the railway strikers, is quoted in an interview as saying that unless the newspapers change their attitude toward the railway men the newspaper compositors will strike.

Military guards were placed on all trains in the northern section to-day.

Further secessions from the ranks of the striking railroad men were reported by officials, but generally the union ranks are remaining firm.

A few minor disturbances are reported from provincial centers, where volunteer workers on the railroads have been hoisted.

STRIKE CLAIMS ARE FAR APART

Bethlehem Co. Says Plants Are Operating Virtually at Full Capacity

UNION HEADS ASSERT 80 PER CENT ARE OUT

In Other Centers of the Strike There Is No Essential Change

Bethlehem, Pa., Sept. 30.—The second day of the strike at the Bethlehem Steel corporation's plants again brought out conflicting statements. Union representatives claim that 80 per cent of the men were out and officials of the company declared that the situation was satisfactory, and that all their plants were operating virtually at full capacity.

Union leaders, after a meeting in Allentown late last night, said their reports showed that three rolling mills, the mechanical repair department and brass foundry were completely shut down and that with a few exceptions all other departments were seriously crippled.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 30.—To all appearances the steel strike has settled down to one of endurance. Yesterday's efforts by each side to make a breach in the ranks of the other having failed, the companies are now prepared, according to some officials, to begin a wearing down process.

Strike leaders to-day expressed confidence that the ranks of the strikers would be increased as the campaign of the army of organizers in the Pittsburgh district continues.

Companies that made public reports of operations to-day claimed men were steadily returning to work; production it was also claimed was steadily mounting. Figures, however, are obtainable.

An early telegram from the east, it was said at union headquarters, claimed that the Bethlehem plant of the Bethlehem Steel company was 85 per cent down and that the Steelton works of the same concern near Harrisburg were crippled.

The American Steel and Wire company to-day announced there was not much change at its plants in the Pittsburgh district, nor in the Cleveland and Chicago districts.

The Homestead, Braddock, Rankin and Duquesne plants of the Carnegie Steel company were reported to be operating to-day with more men than on any day since the strike started. In Braddock it was said the Edgar Thomson plant, a subsidiary of the United States Steel corporation, was hiring new men to take the places of strikers.

Company reports from Sharon, Farrell and New Castle declared the conditions were improving. At strike headquarters, it was contended, the men at Newcastle were standing firmly.

Conflicting reports regarding the Jones and Laughlin Steel company in Pittsburgh were again given out to-day. The strikers are persistent in their claims of steady defections from the works. The company pointed out that the plant was in operation and that it was not seriously affected by the strike.

FUTILE EFFORTS TO START.
Big Steel Plants in Chicago District—Big Plant at Gary May Close.

Chicago, Sept. 30.—After a day of futile efforts of the big plants in the Chicago district to induce a sufficient number of employees to return to work, attention to-day turned to the United States Steel corporation plants at Gary.

It was stated officially that the American Sheet and Tinplate company mill, said to employ 44,000 of the highest paid skilled workmen in the district, would close within a week for extensive repairs.

A committee from the Illinois branch of the American Legion to-day went to Gary to investigate reports that a group there known as the Loyal American Legion was operating as a post of the American Legion as strike guards.

A threat to call for state or federal troops resulted from the clash of 2,000 strikers and their wives and a group of policemen and guards during the evening exodus of 350 workers at Waukegan, Ill.

Two carloads of food have been taken into South Chicago plants for workers housed inside.

PICKETING RESUMED.
At Cleveland Steel Mills After Several Days' Suspension of Practice.

Cleveland, Sept. 30.—Picketing of steel plants, which had been discontinued several days ago, was resumed to-day in what H. W. Risse, chairman of the steel workers' strike committee, declared was the beginning of a fight "against steel company propaganda to weaken the morale of the strikers."

MUST SPEAK IN ENGLISH.
At Meetings of Steel Strikers or Meetings Will Be Broken Up.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 30.—A new development in the union's fight for "free speech and free assembly" in Allegheny county came to-day when Corporal Harry Smith, in charge of Pennsylvania state police at Braddock and Rankin, announced that speakers addressing meetings of strikers, must not speak in any foreign language.

For weeks the authorities of several towns in the county have prohibited all meetings of union workers. Under a recent order of the sheriff the strikers may meet in halls, but not outdoors.

Corporal Smith, in his order published

to-day, says state troops will attend all sessions of strikers hereafter, and in event any speaker uses a foreign language the meeting will be broken up by the state police.

Labor leaders claimed to-day that the union's offensive to extend the strike, launched yesterday, had met with success, while representatives of the employers said that efforts to operate additional plants had been marked by the return of many men.

FIUME IS ABLAZE WITH ITALY'S FLAGS

The Only Foreign Flag in Soldiers Is the French Tri-Color—Soldiers Are Seen Everywhere in the Streets.

Fiume, Sept. 27. (via Vienna). (By the Associated Press).—Fiume is ablaze with flags, her streets are filled with marching soldiers, and her air is vibrant with the confidence felt by the men who, under the command of Captain Gabriele D'Annunzio, marched into the city and still firmly hold it.

Italy's flag and that of the city of Fiume predominated, the only foreign banner being the French tri-color floating over the French naval headquarters. Pennants bearing the words, "Viva Italia," and Captain D'Annunzio's slogan "Fiume or Death," mingle with the red, white and green of Italy, and the violet, blue and yellow of Fiume.

The correspondent reached Fiume late night from Trieste, being buried in the coal in the tender of a locomotive for the last part of the journey to avoid guards along the way.

Soldiers are everywhere in the city. Motor trucks lurch through the streets carrying armed men from one point to another, and hundreds of troops may be seen at any hour marching with the greatest precision and with the strictest military discipline, the whole scene being similar to that to be encountered at a great Italian military post. Men from all regiments, arms and branches of the service seem to be here. Among them are thousands of veterans of the great war, a majority of the men wearing three or four service medals, as well as those indicating they volunteered for the fighting here. One lieutenant on the staff of Captain D'Annunzio wears six wound stripes, while men who wear four or five stripes are frequently met.

BRAND WHITLOCK NAMED AMBASSADOR
The Present Minister to Belgium Was Nominated To-day by Pres. Wilson

—Rear Admiral Counts Chief of Naval Operations.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 30.—Brand Whitlock of Ohio, now minister to Belgium, was nominated to-day by President Wilson to be ambassador to that country.

Rear Admiral Robert E. Counts was nominated to be chief of naval operations, with the rank of admiral.

FORMER VERMONT MAN
Sealand W. Landon Died at Bordentown, N. J., Yesterday.

Bordentown, N. J., Sept. 30.—Sealand Whitney Landon, for 21 years headmaster of the Bordentown Military Institute, died here yesterday. Before coming to Bordentown he was principal of the Burlington, Vt., high school for 16 years. He was born in South Hero, Vt., in 1852.

Besides his widow he is survived by two daughters, one of whom is an assistant professor of chemistry at Vassar and the other an instructor in English at Smith college, and two sons, both of whom were captains in the army.

CALLED WILSON
"SCHOLARLY LIAR"

Seditious Circular Was Distributed in New York and Alleged Distributors Were Arrested.

New York, Sept. 30.—Accused of distributing a seditious circular which, among other things, termed President Wilson a "scholarly liar," Arthur Ketzes, 22 years old, and Ethel Bernstein, 21 years old, both of whom said they were born in Russia, were arrested to-day. The circular was entitled "Anarchist Soviet Bulletin" and purported to be issued by the "American Anarchist Federated Commune Society."

When arrested the young man and woman were dropping copies of the circular into letter boxes and vestibules along Park avenue. One of the articles in the pamphlet, headed "Creating Force," was signed "Richard Wagner."

Another urged workers to join the "Commune Soviet for the destruction of capitalism."

Refusing to answer questions, the two were taken to the police station.

REFUSES SPECIAL SESSION
Connecticut Chief Executive Denied Petition Last Night.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 30.—In refusing to call a special session of the legislature to consider the federal suffrage amendment, Governor Marcus H. Holcomb last night said:

"I am of the opinion that none of the reasons urged created the 'special emergency' mentioned in the constitution, which is the only authority the governor has to call a special session."

STRIKE AT PAWTUCKET.
About 300 Hamlet Textile Employees Out To-day.

Pawtucket, R. I., Sept. 30.—About 300 employees of the Hamlet Textile company walked out to-day when their demands for an increase in wages was refused. The committee originally demanded twenty per cent, but the mill officials said it offered to avert a strike if ten per cent were granted.

GOOD NIGHT'S REST AND IS IMPROVING
Washington, D. C., Sept. 30.—President Wilson, after two days of quiet and rest at the White House, showed further improvement to-day. Rear-Admiral Grayson issued the following bulletin at 11 a. m.:

"The president had a good night's rest and is improving."

"DRY" UNTIL RATIFICATION

War-Time Prohibition Cannot Be Lifted Till Then, Says Attorney-General

DESPITE STATEMENT BY WAR DEPARTMENT

That "Accidents of War and the Progress of Demobilization Are at an End"

Washington, D. C., Sept. 30.—Although the war department declared in a statement to-day that "the accidents of war and the progress of demobilization are at an end," war-time prohibition cannot be lifted until after the ratification of the peace treaty, in the opinion of Attorney General Palmer.

The prohibition law provides that it shall remain in force until after the termination of the war and the demobilization of the army. Mr. Palmer has held that the state of war does not end until the peace treaty has been ratified. President Wilson took a similar position in asking Congress early in the year to repeal the war-time prohibition in so far as it effected light wines and beer.

The war department's statement as to the end of demobilization was made in connection with an announcement that officers of the regular army were about to be returned to their normal peacetime rank and that the ten thousand emergency officers still in the service must be discharged in order to reduce the commissioned personnel to the 18,000 authorized by a recent act of Congress.

RUSH TO RENEW LICENSES.
On Rumors That War-Time Prohibition Was to Be Lifted.

New York, Sept. 30.—Inspired by confidence based on rumors of unknown origin that war-time prohibition was to be lifted, Manhattan saloon keepers flocked to the offices of Deputy Excise Commissioner McNeill to-day to renew their liquor licenses. Up to noon more than 2,000 out of the 3,000 license holders had made renewals.

OMAHA IS QUIET AS TROOPS PATROL
There Has Been No Further Outbreak Following the Wild Time of Sunday—Gen. Wood Arrives.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 30.—Eleven officers and 250 men from Camp Funston, Kan., and twenty officers and 650 men from Camp Grant, Ill., are the federal troops on duty here as a result of race rioting. Major General Leonard Wood, commander of the central department of the army, has arrived to take charge of the military operations.

The city was quiet during the night and there was no sign of trouble, heavy rain keeping people off the streets and helping to prevent a fresh outbreak of Sunday's rioting, which resulted in the lynching of a negro, the death of one white man, injury of many others, heavy damage by fire to the county courthouse and an attempt by a mob to lynch Mayor Edward H. Smith. Reports to-day from the hospital indicated that the mayor was improving.

BRATTLEBORO GIRLS HOME.
Had Been Detained in Bernardston, Mass.

Brattleboro, Sept. 30.—After being missing three days, two nights and a part of a third night, Ethel Stacey, 14, and Pearl Stacey, 11, children of Mr. and Mrs. Carroll A. Stacey of 22 Myrtle street, were returned to their home about 1:30 o'clock yesterday morning. They were detained in Bernardston, Mass., last Sunday night and were taken to the Greenfield police station by Greenfield police officers, who notified Chief of Police George Wilson by telephone.

Chief Wilson, Mr. Stacey and a garage man went to Greenfield after them. The girls cried when they saw their father, and there was an affecting scene on their arrival home, where their mother had been under much stress of mind since Friday noon, when it was found that they had not been in school. The girls returned to school yesterday.

The town was considerably stirred up because of the long absence of the girls, and the fact that gypsies were in town the day the girls disappeared led many to associate the two facts. These facts were given to numerous police departments by Sheriff Frank L. Wellman, at the request of State's Attorney E. W. Gibson, and while there was little expectation that the girls would be found with the gypsies, the publicity resulted in locating the children.

SEND MILK TO SPRINGFIELD.
Instead of to Boston, It Was Decided in Windham County.

Brattleboro, Sept. 30.—Plans have been worked out by the milk producers of this section for changing their market from Boston to Springfield, Mass., it was stated yesterday by County Agricultural Agent Wayland P. Frost. The change goes into effect Wednesday, on the expiration of the contract with the Whiting and Elm Farm companies of Boston.

The producers will accept an offer of the A. H. Phillips company of Springfield, which will not contain the surplus clause of the Boston contract. By this clause the price is reduced when milk is plentiful if the shipments exceed a certain amount. There will be a substantial saving in shipping charges under the new plan. The producers will divert about 4,000 quarts a day from Boston to Springfield.

The New England Milk Producers' association has given notice of an increase of half a cent a quart for October milk and has promised another half cent increase for November. The producers now receive nine cents. The increased price and the saving under the new contracts will mean about \$60,000 to the producers in this locality the coming year.

DIRECT STATE TAX IS APPORTIONED

Total Amount Is \$1,084,059.95, of Which Chittenden County Furnishes the Most—Washington County's Share Is \$114,210.21.

The state treasurer has compiled the direct state tax of the several counties in the state, as well as the several towns of the state, and is to-day mailing to each town the statement of the amount that each town will pay the state on the 40-cent direct state tax. In Washington county Montpelier pays the most, with Barre City a close second. The figures are:

County	Amount
Barre City	\$26,089.80
Barre Town	9,500.00
Berlin	3,142.42
Cabot	2,339.82
Calais	2,254.74
Duxbury	1,910.52
East Montpelier	3,199.77
Fayston	1,336.57
Franklin	2,475.71
Madison	2,149.00
Montpelier	30,672.72
Moretown	3,254.33
Northfield	7,557.95
Plainfield	2,374.42
Roxbury	1,564.88
Waitsfield	2,028.98
Warren	1,660.14
Waterbury	7,103.27
Woodbury	1,684.98
Worcester	1,150.07

The direct state tax that has been assessed against each county follows:

County	Amount
Addison	\$63,796.69
Bennington	63,388.30
Caledonia	79,276.56
Chittenden	145,543.50
Essex	21,740.20
Franklin	78,112.71
Grand Isle	8,229.96
Lamoille	32,075.88
Orange	51,255.63
Orleans	64,876.36
Rutland	137,757.92
Washington	114,210.21
Windham	93,867.87
Windsor	126,189.53
Groton	3,236.87

INJURED BY FALLING STONE
Eduardo Alonso of B Street Hurt at Barclay Bros' Plant.

Eduardo Alonso of B street, a surface stonemason, was seriously injured this morning when the stone which he was working on tipped onto his body. He narrowly escaped being crushed to death. He was jacking up a stone so as to work on it. The stone was nearly in place when he put a wedge under one corner to raise it a little. Then, walking around the stone, he noticed it was nearly balanced over and put his hands to the top of the stone to keep it from going over. He was unable to keep the stone from falling and was unable to get out of the way of it. The stone scraped along down his left arm and chest, landing on the lower part of the body, he bearing nearly the whole weight on his thigh of a stone weighing nearly four tons.

It was several minutes before the stone could be removed and by that time the stonemason was nearly unconscious. He was taken into the office and laid on the office table, where in a few minutes Drs. Reid and McFarland worked over him. He was then taken to the Barre City hospital, where upon examination the doctors found there were no external injuries and no bones broken but it is feared there are serious internal injuries. Mr. Alonso has been employed at the Barclay Brothers shed for the past seven or eight years.

DAZED WOMAN KILLED.
Stepped in Front of Canadian Pacific Train Near North Troy.

North Troy, Sept. 30.—Mrs. Lillian Warner, wife of George E. Warner, was instantly killed yesterday afternoon when struck by a southbound Canadian Pacific freight train. Her body was thrown down an embankment. Death was instantaneous, one side of her head being crushed.

The train was a way freight, in charge of Arthur Wright, engineer and T. McNeine, conductor. The engineer said that he saw Mrs. Warner walking between the tracks of the Canadian Pacific and the Ormond railway. Apparently she became dazed and stepped in front of the freight. The accident occurred near the junction of the tracks of the two roads.

Mrs. Warner was 57 years old. She leaves her husband, a daughter, Sylvia, about 20 years old, and a brother.

CALL IT CONFISCATION.
For U. S. Government to Take Excess Earnings Over a "Fair Return."

Washington, D. C., Sept. 30.—Holding unconstitutional the provisions of the Cummins bill for railroad reorganization, which would take for the government excess earnings of the roads over a "fair return," an opinion by Charles E. Hughes, rendered to the Association of Railway Executives, has been filed with the House interstate commerce committee considering the bill.

Former Justice Hughes contends in brief, that if rates which produce so-called excess earnings are just and reasonable rates, as they are presumed to be when fixed and regulated by the interstate commerce commission, then the earnings from those rates are the property of the railroad companies, which may be taxed, but cannot be confiscated, as that, he argues, would be confiscation.

TALK OF THE TOWN
Harry B. Houghton is having his annual vacation from his postal duties at the postoffice.

H. H. Cushman has returned from Morrisville and Stowe, where he has been spending a two weeks' vacation.

Mrs. Gardens of Union street has returned from Montreal, where she has been visiting friends and relatives for the past few weeks.

D. A. Perry went to East Hardwick this morning to conduct an auction sale of the real estate and personal property of the Goodrich estate to-day.

Addie Tash, who has been visiting at the home of Hilder Habbep on Prospect street for a few days, returned this morning to her home in Berlin, N. H.

The marriage of Harry Fisher of the R. L. Clark Co. to Miss May Wallace, former supervisor of music of the city schools here, occurs to-day at the home of Miss Wallace in Richmond. Mr. Fisher, together with Mr. and Mrs. Max Fisher, left by automobile this morning.

EXTRA JURYMEN FOR LONG CASE

Washington County Court To-day Sent Out a Summons to 61 More Men

ORDERED TO APPEAR ON TUESDAY, OCT. 7

Trial of Mr. Case Is Set to Be Completed on That Date

In anticipation of the opening of the trial of George A. Long, charged with the murder of Mrs. Lucina C. Broadwell in Barre on the night of May 3-4, 1919, the assistant judges in Washington county court to-day issued summons for 61 extra jurymen, who were instructed to appear at the county courthouse in Montpelier on Tuesday morning, Oct. 7.

The trial of Long is scheduled to start on that date.

The calling of these extra jurymen is precautionary so that the court will not have trouble in empanelling a jury of twelve men to try the case. Long has been in Washington county jail since early in May, having been arrested a few days after the body of Mrs. Broadwell was found in the Wheelock garden. Long is represented by Wm. C. Carver, while the state will be represented by Attorney General Archibald and State's Attorney Davis.

FOUR YEARS' SENTENCE
Imposed on A. A. Morris in Washington County Court To-day.

Washington county court convened this morning after the week-end recess and the first matter disposed of was the penalty imposed upon Allan A. Morris of Barre, who last week pleaded guilty to the charge of assault with intent to commit rape, the charge, according to the statement this morning by the state's attorney, having been changed from rape. The state's attorney told the court the history of the case and recommended a minimum of two years and a maximum that would give the probation department supervision over the man. The respondent's attorney told a different story of the case, in which he vindicated the respondent to a considerable extent. F. L. Laird, for the people, then made some statements, having investigated the matter himself, and his statement did not agree in detail with the statement that the state had made.

The court then took the matter under consideration and at the end of their conference sentence was imposed. The court said that the crime was a serious one in the court's opinion, that the statutes treated it in that manner, and that married men driving automobiles could not take innocent girls to ride with results like those which had been pleaded guilty to or there must be something wrong with the laws. He said that a drastic sentence ought to be imposed. The court then gave the respondent a sentence of not less than four nor more than ten years in the state prison and placed him in the custody of the sheriff.

The jury was drawn this morning in the civil case of George O. Hale vs. H. Lester Moore, trespass. The plaintiff seeks to recover \$2,000, which he alleges that the defendant has damaged him by going onto the property and cutting